

Math 251 Fall 2017

Quiz #10, November 22nd

Name: _____ Solutions _____

There are 25 points possible on this quiz. This is a closed book quiz. Calculators and notes are not allowed. **Please show all of your work!** If you have any questions, please raise your hand.

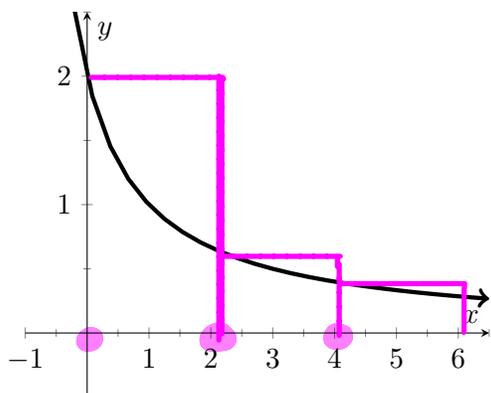
Exercise 1. (3 pts.) The speed of a skier increased steadily during the first three seconds of a race. Her speed at half-second intervals is given in the table. Find a **lower estimate** for the distance she traveled during the first three seconds. Include units with your answer.

time (in seconds)	0	0.5	1	1.5	2	2.5	3
velocity (in feet/sec)	0	4	10	14	20	22	24

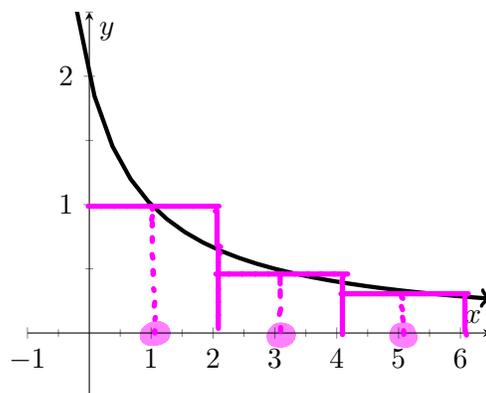
$$\text{distance} = \frac{1}{2}(0 + 4 + 10 + 14 + 20 + 22) = 2 + 5 + 7 + 10 + 11 = \underline{\underline{35 \text{ feet}}}$$

Exercise 2. (9 pts.) Estimate the area under $f(x) = \frac{2}{x+1}$ from $x = 0$ to $x = 6$ using three approximating rectangles and

- (a.) left endpoints. Sketch the rectangles on the graph below. (b.) midpoints as sample points. Sketch the rectangles on the graph below.

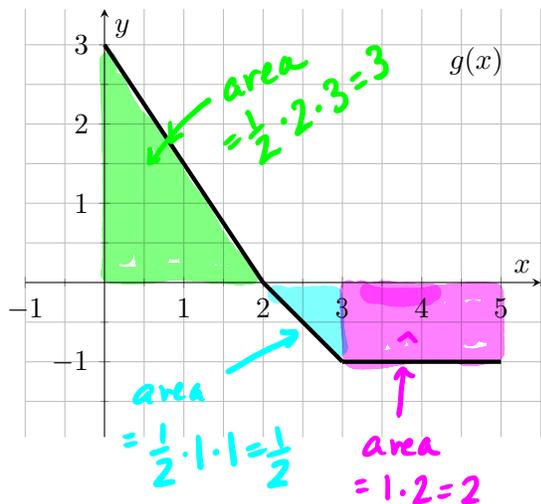


$$\begin{aligned} L_3 &= 2(f(0) + f(2) + f(4)) \\ &= 2\left(\frac{2}{0+1} + \frac{2}{2+1} + \frac{2}{4+1}\right) \\ &= 2\left(2 + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{5}\right) = 2\left(\frac{30+10+6}{15}\right) \\ &= \frac{2 \cdot 46}{15} = \frac{92}{15} = 6\frac{2}{15} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} M_3 &= 2(f(1) + f(3) + f(5)) \\ &= 2\left(\frac{2}{1+1} + \frac{2}{3+1} + \frac{2}{5+1}\right) \\ &= 2\left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}\right) = 2\left(\frac{6+3+2}{6}\right) \\ &= \frac{11}{3} = 3\frac{2}{3} \end{aligned}$$

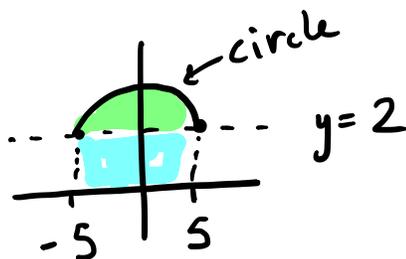
Exercise 3. (4 pts.) Use the graph of $g(x)$ to evaluate the integral $\int_0^5 g(x) dx$.



$$\int_0^5 g(x) dx = \text{area above} - \text{area below}$$

$$= 3 - \frac{1}{2} - 2 = \frac{1}{2}$$

Exercise 4. (4 pts.) Evaluate the integral $\int_{-5}^5 (\sqrt{25-x^2} + 2) dx$ by interpreting it in terms of areas.



↑ top of circle
↑ shifted 2 units up

$$\int_{-5}^5 (\sqrt{25-x^2} + 2) dx = \frac{1}{2} \pi \cdot 5^2 + 2 \cdot 10 = \frac{25\pi}{2} + 20$$

Exercise 5. (5 pts.) Assume that $\int_1^5 f(x) dx = 6$. Use this fact and the properties of integrals to evaluate the integrals below.

(a.) $\int_5^1 f(x) dx = -6$

↑
limits are reversed

(b.) $\int_1^5 (7 - 2\pi f(x)) dx$

$$= \int_1^5 7 - 2\pi \int_1^5 f(x) dx$$

$$= 7(5-1) - 2\pi \cdot 6$$

$$= 28 - 12\pi$$