Name: Key

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There are 25 points possible on this quiz. No aids (book, calculator, etc.) are permitted. Show all work for full credit.

1. [8 points] Use the limit definition (given below) of the derivative to find the derivative of $f(x) = \frac{2}{x^2}$. No credit will be awarded for a solution that does not use the definition below. Show all your work clearly, step by step, using correct notation.

$$f'(x) := \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

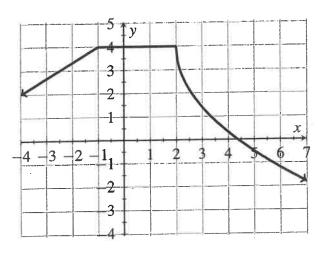
$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{\frac{2}{(x+h)^2} - \frac{2}{x^2}}{h} \cdot (x+h)^2 x^2$$

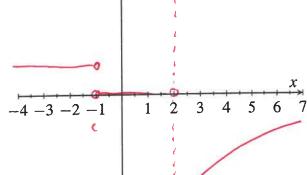
$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{2x^2 - 2(x+h)^3}{h(x+h)^2x^2} = \frac{2x^2 - 2x^2 - 4xh - 2h^2}{h(x+h)^2x^2}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{-4xh - 2h^2}{h(x+h)^2 x^2} = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{-4x - 2h}{(x+h)^2 x^2} = \frac{-4x - 2(0)}{(x+0)^2 x^2}$$

$$= \frac{-4x}{x^2 \cdot x^2} = \left[-\frac{4}{x^3} \right]$$

2. [5 points] The graph of f(x) is shown below. On the other set of axes, sketch the graph of f'(x). If there are any asymptotes, draw them with dashed lines. Use open circles to show points where the derivative is not defined, if any. (You are not given values on the y-axis; I am interested in the correct shape/holes/asymptotes of the derivative, not the specific values.)





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3. [6 points] Use the derivative rules to find the derivative for each function below. Do not simplify your answer. Show work so someone else can follow your thinking.

a.
$$f(x) = (\cos x)(\sqrt{x} - 2x) = \cos x (x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 2x)$$

$$f'(x) = \left(-\sin x\right)\left(\sqrt{x} - 2x\right) + \cos x\left(\frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}} - 2\right)$$

b.
$$g(x) = \frac{x^3 - 2x + 1}{x} = x^2 - 2 + x^{-1}$$

$$g'(x) = \boxed{2 \times - x^{-2}}$$

4. [6 points] For the function $F(x) = x^3 - \sin x$, find F'(x), F''(x), and F'''(x).

$$F'(x) = 3x^2 - \cos x$$

$$F''(x) = 6x + \sin x$$

$$F'''(x) = 6 + \cos x$$