

Name: _____

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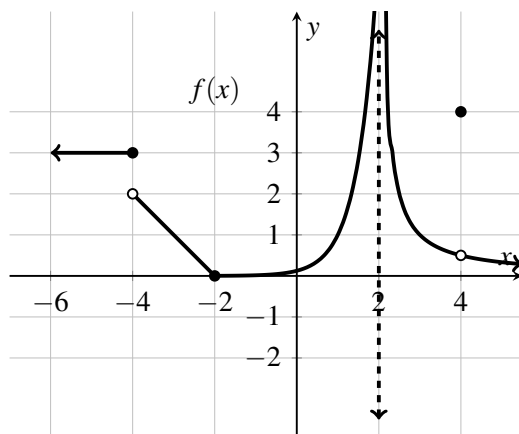
Please circle your instructor's name:

James Gossell

Gordon Williams

There are 25 points possible on this quiz. Any outside materials are not allowed. **For full credit, show all work clearly.**

1. [10 points] Use the graph of the function $f(x)$ to answer each question. If the limit is infinite, indicate that with ∞ or $-\infty$. If the value does not exist or is undefined, write DNE.



- a. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -4^-} f(x) =$ _____ b. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -4^+} f(x) =$ _____ c. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -4} f(x) =$ _____
- d. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) =$ _____ e. $f(4) =$ _____ f. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} f(x) =$ _____

g. Write the domain of $f(x)$: _____

- h. List all x -values for which $f(x)$ is **not** continuous. For each of your answers, classify the discontinuity as **jump**, **removable**, **infinite**, or **other**.

2. [5 points] Determine whether the given function is continuous at $x = 0$. Justify your answer using limits.

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - e^x, & x < 0 \\ 1 - x, & x \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

3. [8 points] Evaluate the limits algebraically. Show all work.

a. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{12 - 4x} =$

b. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{3x - 12}{\sqrt{x} - 2} =$

4. [2 points]

Evaluate the limit below. **Circle one answer from Part I and one justification from Part II.**

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{2x - 7}{x^2 - 9}$$

Value of the Limit (Circle one)

$-\infty$

$+\infty$

0

Justification (Circle one) As x approaches 3 from the left...

- (A) ...the numerator is positive and the denominator is slightly bigger than 0.
- (B) ...the numerator is positive and the denominator is slightly smaller than 0.
- (C) ...the numerator is negative and the denominator is slightly bigger than 0.
- (D) ...the numerator is negative and the denominator is slightly smaller than 0.
- (E) ...the limit is 0 because the denominator is equal to 0.